



International Foundation for Retirement Education



CERTIFICANT HANDBOOK

Table of Contents

Introduction	2
Renewal Requirements	2
Guidelines for Use of the Marks	12
Certificant Complaints and Discipline	15
Resources and Additional Information of Interest	17
Exhibit A: Certificate Holder's Statement	
Exhibit C: Annual Continuing Education Reporting Form	
Exhibit D: Certificant Complaint Reporting Form	

Introduction

The Certified Retirement Counselor® (CRC®) certification program is a retirement specific certification program that demonstrates a mastery of subject matter, a commitment to the retirement planning profession, adherence to a code of ethics and ongoing continuing education.

This Handbook contains essential information regarding your certified status. Please keep it readily available as a reference. Candidates are responsible for knowing the contents of this Handbook. Correspondence and requests for information regarding the *Certified Retirement Counselor®* (*CRC®*) program should be directed to:

Phone: 847-756-7350, ext. 134 Fax: 847-756-7350 Mail: InFRE, P.O. Box 524, Barrington, IL 60011-0524

Renewal Requirements

CRC® certification carries an obligation of continuing education to help Certificants maintain a current understanding of relevant retirement planning topics and compliance with ethical requirements. An annual continuing education requirement assures a Certificant's commitment to life-long learning and is important for professionals working in a dynamic industry with a constantly changing legislative, tax and resources environment. The continuing education requirements are appropriate for active CRC® Certificants as evidenced in the most recent CRC® Practice Analysis study but should not be interpreted that a Certificant has a particular level of competence or skill.

To maintain active status, *CRC*[®] Certificants must complete the following requirements annually:

- Report continuing education credits for at least 15 hours of continuing education (CE). At a minimum, a two-hours ethics course must be submitted every two years. CE requirements can typically be fulfilled by attending conferences, attending internal training programs and earning CE for insurance licenses and other licenses and designations. All CRC® CE is self-reporting and does not require pre-approval.
- Submit a signed Certificate Holder's Statement (CHS) agreeing to adhere to InFRE's professional Code of Ethics. Certificants must also disclose any incidents of criminal activity or personal or professional misconduct on the Certificate Holders Statement.
- Pay a renewal fee of \$150. \$25 late fee payable after 15-day grace period.

Candidates who pass the CRC^{\otimes} Examination but have not yet completed all other requirements for obtaining the CRC^{\otimes} certification must also submit their CE annually. All CE submitted must conform to the CRC^{\otimes} Approved Topic List (next section).

Certificants will receive a renewal notice email from InFRE approximately six weeks prior to your renewal date. This email will include instructions for submitting your renewal requirements either online or by mail.

CRC® CE Approved Topic List

The Financial Planning **Process**

- Defining financial and non-financial goals
- Prioritizing goals
- Current consumption vs. future consumption
- □ Types of goals: longterm, mid-term, short-
- Time value of money
- Projecting capital resource needs
- □ Inflation
- Understanding long term planning
- Using shorter term goals to help meet longer term
- Integration of retirement goals with other personal goals

The Retirement Planning **Process**

- Need for retirement planning
- □ The retirement planning process
- Projecting retirement income needs
- Understanding of qualified plans
- Sources of retirement income: Social Security
- Sources of retirement income: Employer based plans
- Sources of retirement income: Personal retirement plans
- Sources of retirement income: Working during retirement
- □ Integrating government, employer and personal plans
- Integrating spousal plans
- □ Integrating plans from multiple employers
- Calculating how much to save
- Retirement portfolio: Structure and risk issues
- Non-financial concerns

Budgeting

Purpose of budgeting

- Developing a balance sheet
- Tracking expenses
- Cash flow statements
- Developing a formal budget

Cash Management

- □ Financial institutions
- Liquid assets
- Implementing a savings
- Using checking accounts

Managing Debt

- Credit cards
- Other "open-credit" sources
- Obtaining credit and credit cards
- Strategies for controlling & managing credit cards
- Consumer loans: different types, sources, how to obtain
- Controlling debt

Risk Management

- Basic insurance principles
- Life insurance
- □ Health insurance
- Disability coverage
- Property and liability coverage

Estate Planning

- Categories of ownership
- Intestacy
- Probate
- Wills

- Trusts
- □ Living wills
- Durable powers of attorney
- Taxation
- Estate planning deductions
- Gifting

Lifecycles & Planning

- Unique characteristics of different age groups
- □ Sandwich generation
- Roadblocks to planning
- Terminating employment: vesting, portability of

- benefits, insurance conversion
- Divorce and QDROs
- □ Financial consideration during retirement: asset liquidation, continual planning

Approaching Retirement

- Annuity payments
- Lump sum payments
- Tax treatment of distributions
- Retiree health options
- Direct deposit of benefits
- Quality of life: emotional gratification
- Quality of life: effect on budgetary needs

Financial Inventory and Organization

- Financial checklists
- Organizing one's financial life

Overview of Investments

- Types of investments
- Investment process
- Types of investment vehicles
- Steps in investing
- Tax planning and investing
- Investing in different economic environments
- Short term investments
- Types and sources of investment information

Investment Risk & Return

- □ Time value of money
- Present and future value
- Components of investment risk
- Systematic & unsystematic risk
- Risk measurements
- Investment decision process

Common Stock

- Advantages and disadvantages
- Historical returns and volatility
- Betas and alphas
- Buying & selling stocks

Investment Markets and Modern portfolio theory Stock valuation Efficient frontier Earnings and dividends **Transactions** □ Types of stock ■ Types of markets Portfolio beta ■ Market capitalization The capital market Investor characteristics □ Foreign investing Market conditions Role of portfolio Investment strategies objectives and policies Market averages and ■ Role of economic Development of asset indices Globalization of securities allocation schemes analysis Assessing business Assessing an investor's markets cycles Selecting a stockbroker risk tolerance Macro-economic factors Market transactions Developing an economic Transaction costs **Portfolio Management** outlook Measurement of portfolio Stocks as an inflation **Mutual Funds** performance Advantages and Obtaining necessary data hedge disadvantages Computing returns Costs associated with **Evaluating investment Bonds** Bond features performance funds Portfolio performance Bond descriptors Share classes Types of mutual funds evaluation and revisions Different types of Investor services Timing of transactions collateralization Formula plans Sources of investment Selecting a mutual fund Measuring performance Limit and stop-loss return Historical interest rate & orders bond returns **Annuities** □ Features of annuities **Asset Allocation Process** Risks associated with bonds Timing of benefits □ Importance of asset Treasuries Earnings accumulation allocation Agency bonds methods Primary asset classes Municipal bonds Tax-sheltered annuities Additional asset classes Corporate bonds Choosing asset classes Guaranteed investment □ Specialty issues Return models contracts Global markets Desirable asset class Bond quotes **Real Estate** characteristics Yield curves Real estate as an Effective asset mix Bond pricing investment choices ■ Yield to maturity Integrated asset Real estate values Expected returns **REITs** allocation Strategic asset allocation **Preferred Stock** Defined benefit plans **Options** Features of preferred Puts and calls Pension liability stock Option quotes measures Advantages and Price trends and option Use of historical data in disadvantages required projections values Pricing preferred stock Stock-index options Risk & correlation □ Investment strategies **LEAPS** forecasting with preferred stock Warrants Scenario forecasting Expected returns under **Convertible Securities Commodities and Financial** equilibrium assumptions Societal risk tolerance Features of convertible **Futures** Cash markets vs. future Investment risk tolerance securities Conversion privileges markets Understanding of active Advantages and Options vs. future vs. passive management disadvantages markets (semi-active □ Pricing convertible Commodity features management) Choosing between active securities Investment strategies **Portfolio Construction** and passive using convertibles Portfolio objectives management styles Portfolio risk and return Integrating active and passive management Correlation Diversification styles

- Alpha estimation □ Reacting to market conditions and/or tactical allocation ■ Balancing costs and
- benefits
- □ Linear programming
- Monte Carlo theory
- Quadratic programming
- Utility function
- Reallocation of assets

Retirement Funds Management: Defined Benefit Plans

- □ Internal vs. external management
- Manager selection
- Ownership of assets
- □ Tax considerations
- Investment risk
- Investment policy statements / board regulations
- □ Federal and state regulations
- Model plans
- Differences in public and private plans
- Monitoring and replacing investments/managers

Retirement Funds Management: Defined Contribution Plans

- Investment policy
- Option investment selection (types of investments)
- Selecting providers
- Bundled vs. unbundled
- □ Investment options: type and how many
- □ Changes in investment options
- Termination of investment options and/or providers
- Education of participants/members
- □ Federal regulations
- Third party administrators
- Diversification of assets
- Monitoring and replacing assets and/or providers
- □ 401(k) voluntary fee disclosure forms
- □ ERISA 404(c)

Plan Monitoring and **Evaluation**

- Benchmarking
- Participation rates
- Deferral rates
- Internal vs. external monitoring
- Investment guidelines: investment policy statements
- Investment criteria
- Style drift
- Employee surveys
- □ Changes to statutes and federal codes
- Strategic planning

Reporting

- □ Annual/Quarterly responsibilities: participants
- Reporting to trustees, boards, etc.
- Difference between defined contribution and defined benefit
- Legal vs. cultural or corporate/system requirements
- Use of reports: motivation, legal, education, etc.
- Specific governmental requirements: use of external consultants
- Summary plan descriptions vs. other forms of communication /education

Compliance

- □ Plan document
- Auditing:
- financial/contractual
- Legal requirements
- Oversight/education: developing ongoing plan

History and Role of **Retirement Plans**

- □ How retirement plans fit into the process
- Goals and objectives of compensation planning
- Retirement plans as recruitment, retention and productivity tools
- Compensation and human resource management (as it relates to retirement)

- Process of employee benefit planning
- History of retirement planning
- Current trends in retirement planning (portability, self-directed,

Process of Employee Benefit Planning

- Installing a qualified and/or non-qualified plan
- Government regulations
- Governing qualified plans
- Non-regulatory guidelines
- Nonqualified plans

Types of Retirement Plans (including overviews, administrative requirements, etc.)

- Defined contribution (account) plans
- Profit Sharing
- Stock bonus and employee stock ownership
- Money purchase plan
- Target benefit
- Thrift/savings plans
- Section 401(k)
- SIMPLE plans
- □ Section 457 plans
- Section 401(a) plans
- Federal thrift plans
- Section 403(b) plans □ Traditional defined
- benefit plans
- Cash balance
- DROP plans
- SEP plans
- **IRAs**
- Keoah
- Non-qualified plans

Utilizing One Plan over Another

- Establishing a plan
- Decision to change and/or add an alternative retirement option
- Termination of a plan

Social Security and Medicare

- Description of coverage
- Retirement benefits
- Survivor benefits
- Taxation of benefits

- Working & receiving Working with other Communication issues: benefits **Professionals** in-house vs. vendor Value of taking retirement □ Actuary Communication: DOL at 62 vs. 65 or older Legal interpretive bulletin on □ Future of social security Third party provider education (TPP) □ Groups not covered by Monitoring of vendors Product provider social security Development of Potential of self-direction Financial procedures and operations manuals investments planner/consultants Money managers Combining more than **Distributions** Human resource one plan □ At retirement firms/consultants Other retirement benefits: At termination of health employment Communication Merging/ adopting plans □ At a plan termination **Considerations** etc.; what happens when □ Lump sum companies are Basic processes of □ Periodic purchased, merged, etc. communications Rollovers: eligibility Listening skills □ Early retirements, mass □ Rollovers: trustee to Creative a productive terminations, etc. trustee counseling environment Phased retirement Court ordered Personal crisis distributions communication Communication and Forward averaging **Education Principles** Creating a Minimum distribution communication paper Defining communication rules & education Distribution penalties Establishing goals for Gender concerns Distribution reporting Money personalities education/communication Withholdings Learning styles s campaign Purchase of service Identifying the credit **Process of Counseling** competition: Creating a processing bombardment of Other Retirement Plan materials on the transaction Developing & maintaining marketplace Considerations a counseling structure Identifying benefits of Participant needs Participant expectations Identification of problems good communication Participant perceptions Interaction ■ Whose role is Participant understanding Defining objectives and communication/education of key issues : in-house, vendor, etc. Costs associated with Generating solutions to Monitoring counseling needs communication/education different features Giving participants choice Establishing and vendors □ Stressing experience and assigning counseling Development of materials explaining performance tasks and manuals of investments Counseling Understanding advice vs Maintaining excellent implementation education client service Understanding Plan Administration Issues, regulations surrounding **Fiduciary Responsibility Roles and Responsibilities** the giving of advice Internal management □ ERISA 404(c) Funding (Overfunding/Underfundi Outsourcing **Ways to Communicate** Funding ng) □ ERISA guidelines Fees (to employer and Newsletters employees) Ethical considerations
 - Updates
 - Participant statements
 - Brochures: designing, making appealing, theme development
 - Computer aids
 - WEB pages
 - Internet links

 Participant obligations Responsibilities to boards

and trustees

Prudence rule

Distribution issues (in

addition to everything

creditors, IRS levies, etc.

Governing and advisory

relationship building, etc.

boards: obligations to,

under distributions:

Diligence and Interactive retirement Business risks competence calculators Public policy risks ■ Workshops Identifying potential ethical dilemmas Distribution, Tax and One-on-one counseling Upholding professional sessions Estate Issues Statements as mandated standards Types of distributions by law Landmarks of Rollovers Using statements as a professionalism for ■ Lump sum motivational and Partial retirement counselors communication tool Acting in best interest of Annuity ■ Audio-Visual plan participants Distribution tax basics Customizing material vs. Current ethical issues in Estimated tax generic material the market place Capital gains versus Use of consultants ordinary income Developing own material Regulatory Asset liquidation order Use of third party Legislative issues and Social Security taxation provider materials updates Required minimum New Laws/ Regulations distributions Voice response systems Developing materials Beneficiary issues Affecting recognizing cultural Pensions/Retirement Estate planning Tax planning differences Plans Gifting strategies Developing materials **ERISA** Charitable tools recognizing various **Retirement Readiness** audiences ■ Use of focus groups to ■ Evolution of retirement **Creating and Maintaining** help establish needs and **Retirement Income** Economic life cycle methods Life-span cycle Addressing income gaps □ Crisis communication Ages of adult Repositioning managed development assets ■ Advice vs. education ■ Budget & time Retirement planning and **Timing Social Security** considerations and pensions counseling Retirement readiness Other lifetime income Communication reinforcement / ongoing defined sources **Economics** Spending patterns communication Gerontology Work **Development and** Life planning Home equity options **Termination of Contracts** Well-being Converting resources into □ RFP development Retirement readiness income Developing the objectives model Income only Selecting contractors Geo-financial issues Systematic withdrawal Development and Bio-medical issues plans contract and performance Psycho-social issues Annuitization standards Combining SWP and Search process Strategies for Managing annuitization **Retirement Income** Outsourcing strategies: When to annuitize custodial contracts, Industry challenges Maintaining and updating administration, education, Retirement income model the plan consultants Six-step process Termination clauses Cost considerations **Retirement Risks** Methods for projecting **Ethics and Professionalism** retirement risk □ *CRC*[®] Code of Ethics Linear Confidentiality Monte Carlo simulation Personal conduct Retiree risks Compensation disclosure Longevity Providing material Inflation information Healthcare and long-term Complying with care laws/regulations Market □ Truthful communication Family issues

<u>Approved Sources of Continuing Education</u>

This section outlines approved sources of CE. Credit will only be granted for topics on the *CRC®* Approved Topic List. Unless otherwise noted, any of these sources may be used to satisfy the entire 15-hour annual requirement. CE courses and programs must be provided by an employer or other professional organization and not be created for consumers.

Certificants repeating coursework <u>may not</u> submit the same course for CE credit over two consecutive CE reporting periods. This includes coursework that contains the same content offered in different formats (i.e., print book and webinar).

Certificants who have purchased CRC® exam preparation study materials <u>may not</u> apply these materials toward CE credit for their first CE reporting period after becoming certified.

Live Conferences, Workshops and Seminars: CE programs related to the *CRC*[®] Approved Topic List sponsored by InFRE or other education providers. Delivery may be in-person, face-to-face training or via webinar.

Examples of other education providers include entities such as but not limited to state and local Bar associations, CEBS societies, CPA societies and FPA chapters.

Employer-sponsored live education programs and in-house training: Live CE programs related to the *CRC*[®] Approved Topic List sponsored by the Certificant's employer. Delivery may be in-person, face-to-face training or via webinar.

For attendance at both types of live programs described above, submissions must contain a minimum of 50 minutes of instruction/presentation time. A 50-minute session counts as one credit hour. Partial credit hours rounded to the nearest quarter hour will be granted (e.g., a 65-minute session would count as 1.0 hour; a 70-minute session would count as 1.25 hours). Any course less than 50 minutes/one credit hour will not be accepted.

Participation as speaker, workshop leader, discussion leader, course instructor, author or editor.

Examples include writing an article for a professional journal, speaking to other professionals at an association conference, and reviewing or editing professional publications.

Inclusions/Exclusions:

- Credit will not be granted for:
 - Activities that constitute part of the Certificant's job description (such as preretirement workshops to plan participants), or
 - Activities directed to audiences other than industry professionals (such as the general public, grade school students, etc.)
- A maximum of ten (10) hours per reporting period may be reported.

- For those teaching other professionals, two (2) hours will be granted for every one (1) hour of delivery, up to the maximum of ten hours per reporting period.
- Credit will only be granted for the first presentation during any reporting period, but not for repeat presentations.

Self-study groups: Pre-planned learning sessions of three or more CRC[®] professionals that include an in-depth study of a topic on the *CRC*[®] Approved Topic List.

Inclusions/Exclusions:

- Groups must have a topic outline and a designated leader.
- A maximum of five (5) hours per reporting period may be reported.

Self-study programs: Educational materials used for individual, self-paced study, including recorded webinars, and printed materials/articles.

Inclusions/Exclusions:

- CE credit will be based on the average completion time of the program. A
 minimum of 50 minutes of completion time is required for 1 hour of CE credit.
 Additional half-hour increments will be accepted after the first hour has been
 completed.
- Program must include an exam/quiz graded by the sponsor and the Certificant must attain a passing grade of 70% or better.
- The exam/quiz must contain at least five (5) questions per course hour and three (3) questions for additional half-hour increments.
- No credit will be granted for an exam/quiz with less than 5 questions.
- True-false and fill-in-the blank questions are not acceptable question formats.

Professional licenses, designations/certifications. Certificants may receive credit for successfully earning a license or completing a designation/certification program.

Inclusions/Exclusions:

Only licenses or credentials based on the *CRC*® Approved Topic List will receive credit.

 License or designation/certification program must include an examination graded by the sponsoring organization. Certificants should contact InFRE to inquire if a license or designation/certification program qualifies for CE credit and the number of approved CE hours. Separate CE credit may not be earned for both an exam preparation course and passing the exam of the license or designation/certification program in the same reporting period. **Academic Coursework**: Course taken for credit at a U.S. regionally accredited college or university, regardless of the delivery (e.g., face-to-face, independent study/correspondence, online).

Inclusions/Exclusions:

- CE credit will be granted on the following basis:
 - One semester credit qualifies for 15 CE hours; a 3-credit semester college course is equivalent to 45 CE hours
 - One quarter credit qualifies for 10 CE hours; a 2-credit quarter college course is equivalent to 20 CE hours.

Participation on InFRE committee or other InFRE project. Acceptable activities include writing and updating examination questions and conducting and/or authoring industry research projects.

Inclusions/Exclusions:

 A maximum of ten (10) hours per reporting period may be reported as determined by InFRE.

Carry-over Hours

A Certificant who earns more than the required 15 hours of CE credits in a reporting cycle may apply the extra hours to the next reporting year. This provision allows the extra hours in any one year to be carried forward into the following year only.

For example, a Certificant who earned 37 CE hours in the current year will have 22 carryover hours. The Certificant may report up to 15 of those extra hours in the year immediately following the current year. The remaining 7 extra hours must be forfeited since the carry forward provision can only apply once to the extra hours in a given year.

Reporting

Certificants must submit CE annually no later than their certification renewal deadline. A renewal notice email is sent approximately six weeks prior to the Certificant's renewal deadline. Certificants are assigned a renewal deadline based on the quarter in which the certification was earned; a deadline can be March 31st, June 30th, September 30th, or December 31st.

The Continuing Education Reporting Form (Exhibit C) or online form must be used to report CE for a renewal period that is:

 CE that has been pre-approved by InFRE. This may be a conference, webcast, workshop or in-house program that InFRE has reviewed prior to the event and determined the number of acceptable credits. Organizations sponsoring such events may contact InFRE to have events reviewed. • CE not pre-approved by InFRE, but for which supporting documentation is available.

Documentation

Certificants should not send CE supporting documentation to InFRE with their renewal submission, but are required to retain all such documentation for a period of two years. Supporting documentation may be requested by InFRE as deemed necessary to clarify CE awarded. InFRE may request supporting documentation at any time up to two years from the end of a renewal reporting period.

Documentation to be retained by the Certificant may include but is not limited to a full course description with time allotted, a certificate of completion from the sponsoring organization, transcript for activities involving an examination, agenda confirming Certificant was a speaker, article indicating Certificant was the author, independent verification by the Certificant's employer that the Certificant participated in a qualifying CE course sponsored by the employer.

Determination of Credits

InFRE will review a Certificant's CE submission and will send an official notice to the Certificant acknowledging the number of hours that have been accepted. InFRE reserves the right to decline CE that does not meet requirements. InFRE may also seek further clarification from Certificants for incomplete submissions. Until official notice is received from InFRE, Certificants should not assume that all CE hours submitted will be accepted.

Inactivation and Relinquishment of CRC® Certification

Any *CRC*[®] Certificant who has not submitted all their renewal requirements will be notified of their deficiency(ies). If, after 60 days from the Certificant's renewal date, a Certificant has not fulfilled all of their renewal requirements, they will be placed on inactive status and may not use their *CRC*[®] certification marks. Inactive Certificants will be allowed to remain on inactive status for a period of time not to exceed three years from their inactivation date. If a Certificant does not complete the necessary renewal requirements within three years from their inactivation date, their certification will be relinquished.

Reinstatement of CRC® Certification

Inactive Certificants who wish to reinstate their CRC® certification will be required to:

- Report all outstanding required CE hours
- Submit a signed Certificate Holder's Statement.
- Pay all outstanding annual renewal fees
- Pay a \$75 reinstatement fee

Inactive Certificants who wish to reinstate their *CRC*[®] certification after three years of their inactivation date will be required to pass the current *CRC*[®] examination prior to reinstatement of their certification.

Guidelines for Use of the Mark

InFRE CRC® Trademarks

InFRE owns *CRC*® trademarks on both the full name and short name (initials) as shown below:

Full Name	Short Name (Initials)
Certified Retirement Counselor®	CRC®

Using the Correct Symbols

A *trademark* which uses symbol "®" is a word, phrase, symbol or design, or a combination of words, phrases, symbols or designs, that identifies and distinguishes the source of the goods of one party from those of others. The federal registration symbol "®" may only be used *after* the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office officially registers a mark.

Style Guidelines (Presentation, usage, fonts, colors)

InFRE's trademarks are very easy to use correctly. InFRE *prefers* that you present any trademark in italics; however, you may use a non-italicized format if you wish. There are no prescribed fonts or colors that you must use for a trademarked phrase or certification; you are free to use your best judgment and own sense of style when it comes to font selection and color choice.

Whether using the full name or initials, the *CRC*® certification trademark is a proper adjective that describes the certification. Do not use your marks as generic nouns or verbs. The appropriate trademark symbol must be used every time the trademark appears. Always use the full, proper trademarked brand names in all communications.

Proper Use

Capitalization. Always capitalize the first letters in Certified Retirement Counselor®. Always capitalize all letters in CRC®.

Abbreviations and Hyphenations. Do not abbreviate any of the trademarked full names. For instance, do not use "Cert. Ret. Counselor" for *Certified Retirement Counselor*®. Do not hyphenate any trademark. For example, do not use *Certified-Retirement-Counselor*®.

Trademarks as Adjectives. Always use the trademarks as adjectives modifying the Certificant's name. For example, John Smith, *Certified Retirement Counselor*® or John Smith, *CRC*®.

Trademarks for People, not Firms. Always use the trademarks as adjectives for individual people, not groups or firms. For example, John Smith, Certified Retirement Counselor® is acceptable; Retirement Planning Ltd., CRC® is not acceptable.

Acceptable Usage Examples

A. Print (business cards, stationery, letterhead, ads, signs, brochures, fliers):

Business card:

Retirement Planning Ltd. 123 Lane Your Town, ST 45678

John Smith, MBA, CRC® 1-555-555-1234

Letterhead:

Retirement Planning Ltd.

123 Lane Your Town, ST 45678

March 15, 2019

Dear Client:

Recent changes in tax laws have affected retirement planning by \dots

John Smith, MBA Certified Retirement Counselor®

B. Online (e-mail, web sites, domain names, e-mail addresses):

The same guidelines apply as for print usage. Trademarks should not be included as part of an e-mail address nor a web site address or domain name. jscrc@business.com and www.retirementplannerscrc.com

would NOT be acceptable use.

C. Presentation (PowerPoint):

InFRE trademarks should always be attributed with the proper symbol on all presentations that are displayed to the public (sales, educational, seminars, trade shows, etc.).

Retirement Planning

John Smith, MBA Certified Retirement Counselor®

FAQ

1. Does Certified Retirement Counselor® have to be in italics?

No, though InFRE prefers that you use italics when possible, non-italicized type is acceptable.

2. I'm in the process of earning my certification; may I go ahead and use the appropriate mark now?

No. To protect the integrity of the educational programs and the marks, you cannot use any of InFRE's trademarks until you have earned the appropriate certification and been granted permission to do so specifically in writing.

3. How do I make the ® in my Word document or Outlook e-mail?

PC: ® = Ctrl+Alt+r (to superscript, highlight the symbol and press Ctrl+Shift+"+")
Mac: Option+r (to superscript, highlight the symbol and press Command+Shift+"+")

Certificant Complaints and Discipline

Disciplinary Procedures

Certification may be denied, revoked or suspended or other disciplinary action may be taken for failure to meet CRC^{\circledast} initial or renewal requirements, having been found guilty of committing a felony, violation of examination procedures or security policy, for misrepresenting or falsifying registration information, for improper use of the credentials, or other violation of the BOS policies, procedures, or requirements. The CRC^{\circledast} Disciplinary Committee is the only entity authorized to make decisions with respect to disciplinary actions, subject to appeals brought to the CRC^{\circledast} Appeals Committee in accordance with established BOS policies and procedures as follows:

Charge by a Complainant. Upon receipt of a written complaint, the Disciplinary Committee will conduct an initial investigation into the allegations made by the complainant. The *CRC*[®] Disciplinary Committee will determine if an investigation is necessary and so inform the complainant and the Certificant in writing. A sample Certificant Complaint Reporting Form and instructions is provided in Exhibit D.

Exploration. If the *CRC®* Disciplinary Committee determines that further investigation into the complaint is warranted, the Certificant will be so notified in writing, including the allegations of the complainant. The Certificant then has up to 30 calendar days to file a written response. If no response is received within 30 calendar days, the *CRC®* Disciplinary Committee will assume the Certificant has agreed with the allegations in the complaint and initiate an appropriate form of discipline of its choosing.

Confidence and Objectivity. All investigations and deliberations of the *CRC*® Appeals Committee are conducted in confidence, with all written communications, sealed and marked "Personal and Confidential" and they are conducted objectively, without any indication of prejudgment.

Hearing. Upon receipt of a written response to a complaint by a Certificant, the *CRC*[®] Disciplinary Committee will consider all materials provided by the complainant and the Certificant. The Certificant may appear in person or via phone to present relevant information about the complaint. The *CRC*[®] Disciplinary Committee will determine by a majority vote if a violation of the *CRC*[®] Code of Ethics (Exhibit B) has occurred. If not, the complaint will be dismissed and all parties informed in writing. If a violation has occurred, the *CRC*[®] Disciplinary Committee may apply an appropriate form of discipline.

Forms of discipline may include, but are not limited to:

- Private written warning
- Public written reprimand
- Suspension of the right to use the certification marks for a specified period of time
- Permanent revocation of the right to use the certification marks

The complainant and the Certificant will be informed in writing of the appropriate form of discipline chosen by the *CRC*[®] Disciplinary Committee.

Appeals Process. The Certificant may appeal the *CRC*® Disciplinary Committee's decision to the *CRC*® Appeals Committee. The *CRC*® Appeals Committee will consider all disciplinary appeals and respond to the Candidate in accordance with the appeals policy stated in Section 7.1 of the *CRC*® Program Policies Manual. The decision of the *CRC*® Appeals Committee will be final.

Immediate Grounds for Discipline

Any of the following acts or omissions committed by a *CRC*® or Certificant shall form grounds for discipline. The list is not exclusive, as other actions or omissions may also lead to disciplinary action.

- Any act or omission that violate the *CRC*[®] Code of Ethics
- Any act or omission that violates state or federal criminal law
- Failure to respond to InFRE's Disciplinary Board without good reason
- False or misleading statements made to InFRE
- Intentional obstruction of the Disciplinary Board in the complaint process

Certificant Response to a Complaint from Consumers

If you receive a letter of investigation from the InFRE Disciplinary Board indicating a complaint has been made against you regarding a potential violation of the Code of Ethics, please be aware of the following:

- Review the CRC® Code of Ethics and Disciplinary Procedures.
- Answer thoroughly each question and include any material documentation that explains your decisions and actions. If you are unsure how to respond to a question, please contact InFRE directly by phone.
- Respond within the time period requested in your letter of investigation. Failure to respond on a timely basis may constitute a violation of the CRC[®] Code of Ethics or be deemed as an admission of the allegations made by the complainant.
- The purpose of the letter of investigation is to gather relevant information about the facts and circumstances surrounding the complaint made against you. Please cooperate as fully as possible. If the complaint lacks sufficient evidence and substance, the investigation will be dismissed.

Resources and Additional Information of Interest

<u>List of Certified Retirement Counselors®</u>

A current list of certified individuals is published on the InFRE website at https://infre.org/find-a-crc-professional. The certification status of an individual may also be verified via telephone with an InFRE staff member.

Changes of Address

You are responsible for updating your records in a timely manner. If you change your mailing or email address please email your new address to info@infre.org. You may also update your profile online by logging in on the InFRE website (www.infre.org/log-in/) or mail your change of address information to:

International Foundation for Retirement Education P.O. Box 524
Barrington, IL 60011-0524

Please note: InFRE uses email as a primary source of communication. If you miss your renewal period notification because we do not have a current email on file for you, you will be responsible for any fees incurred.

Appeals

Candidates and Certificants are entitled to appeal determinations made by the BOS regarding the BOS' interpretation of standards, including but not limited to: 1) Denied registration; 2) Alleged inappropriate exam administration procedures; 3) Alleged testing conditions severe enough to cause a major disruption of the examination process; 4) Test scores; 5) Denied recertification; and 6) Anything that would be an adverse decision by the BOS.

Within 30 days of receipt of an adverse decision Candidates or Certificants must submit their formal written appeal with all supporting documentation. The written appeal must include the stated appeal, the reason for the appeal (including relevant supporting materials), and appellant's daytime telephone number.

The *CRC*[®] Appeals Committee will meet by teleconference within 30 days of receipt of the appeal. All determinations regarding appeals must be made by majority vote of the *CRC*[®] Appeals Committee.

Notice of the *CRC*[®] Appeals Committee determination will be provided to the appellant within 10 business days of the decision. The appeal shall not include a hearing or any similar trial-type proceeding. The *CRC*[®] Appeals Committee's determination will be final.

Exhibit A – Certificant Holder's Statement



CRC® CERTIFICATE HOLDER'S STATEMENT (CHS)

Check the appropriate "Yes" or "No" response to the statements below.

Only indicate "Yes" for any incidents related to statements that you have <u>not</u> previously reported and disclosed information.

			Yes	No
	I have been charged with	or convicted of a felony.		·
	I have been charged with (exclude minor traffic violation)	or convicted of a misdemeand ations).	or 	
	I have had a civil judgeme	ent entered against me.		- <u></u>
	to my professional conductor another professional de	f an inquiry or investigation with tot by my employer, a regulator esignation (include any FINR) most recent CHS submission	y authority, VSEC	·
		ase explain the facts that det d attach any appropriate bac		
l h the	ave read the Certificate Ho items in preceding section	designation and all associated older's Statement and understans of this form. I further declare the and complete to the best of the section	nd the items set for that my statement	th in it, as well as s (including any
 Na	me (Print or Type)	Signature	D	ate
Ad	dress			
	ou have answered "YES ach any appropriate bacl	" to any of the above statem k-up documentation.	ents, provide an e	xplanation and

Exhibit B - CRC® Code of Ethics



CERTIFIED RETIREMENT COUNSELOR® (CRC®) CODE OF ETHICS

This Code of Ethics has been adopted by the Infree Board of Standards and Policy Development of the International Foundation for Retirement Education (Infree). It outlines principles of conduct for all persons who are granted the *Certified Retirement Counselor®* (*CRC®*) certification from Infree. By accepting the Code, a Certificant also agrees to follow within his or her professional activities both traditional ethical principles and the letter and spirit of the state and federal laws that regulate retirement advice, records, and transactions.

This Code is both an indication and affirmation of the increasing importance of retirement planning, education, administration, and advice. It recognizes the responsibility of members of the profession to act honestly and with integrity in their conduct of business affairs; both towards particular plan participants, and the public at large. The true value of this CODE OF ETHICS is not in the specific and necessarily evolving principles, but in the overall purpose and spirit with which it is adopted and maintained.

Adherence to the Code is mandatory for all *CRC*° Certificants who are registered with InFRE and who are actively involved in the practice of retirement planning. The tenants of the Code are applicable while performing any professional activity in which the knowledge and integrity of the certification marks are (or are implied to be) used in the performance of professional retirement responsibilities. Abiding by this Code will serve to assure public confidence in the integrity and service offered by those professionals who have earned the *Certified Retirement Counselor*° certification.

Principles of Conduct

Principle # 1	Comply with the letter and spirit of all federal and state laws that regulate advice, services, records, and transactions applicable to retirement planning or retirement administration.	
Principle # 2	Act always in the best interest of the client or individual retirement plan participant for whom services are performed; and, when performing services for a retirement plan as a whole, act in the best interest of the plan and all persons who have rights under the plan.	
Principle # 3	Never disclose confidential information about the finances or status of a client or particular plan participant unless authorized by the participant or by law.	
Principle # 4	Be truthful and forthright in all communications relating to retirement services and transactions.	
Principle # 5	Perform all retirement services competently, diligently, and according to the highest professional standard; the Certificant will maintain the necessary specific knowledge and expertise to do so, and decline any activity that cannot be competently performed.	
Principle # 6	Conduct activities relating to the retirement profession under the highest standards of personal and professional integrity, and in ways that reflect creditably on the profession.	
Principle # 7	Disclose to all persons for whom services are provided, Certificant's source of compensation, the identity of any person or entities paying the compensation, and any material fact about the compensation that is necessary to understand potential adverse interest.	
Principle # 8	Supply material information relating to the transaction or service to the person for whom services are performed (including information that is not requested), if such information is generally recognized as necessary to any informed decision.	

Commentary to the Eight CRC® Principles of Ethics

The field of retirement services is affected by a broad range of law, and includes such disciplines as tax, securities and labor

One	relations. The Certificate Holder acknowledges that adherence to such laws is an important part of all professional obligations.
Two	This principle requires the Certificate Holder to act in the best interests of a client or plan participant whose interest is affected by the performance of services. Thus, if Individual X seeks explanation of two alternative benefit formulas from Counselor Y, the counselor is obligated to present information on both, even if one such formula is more expensive for the counselor's employer, or more troublesome for the Certificate Holder to process or explain. This principle also recognizes that many persons in the field of retirement counseling and administration perform services that do not relate to a specific participant transaction, and yet advance mutual interests. This is permissible under the Principle 1. Principle 1 covers adherence to specific statutes relating to conflict of interest, fiduciary responsibility, or investment disclosure; disclosure of possible adverse Principle 7 covers interest from receipt of compensation for service.
Three	This principle prohibits use or transfer of particular information for personal gain. Examples include: discussion about an employee's designated beneficiary, or sale of information about an individual's precise account balance to a newspaper or third-party provider. Disclosures compelled through subpoena, other provisions of law, or through processing of routine plan transactions, are allowed. A Certificate Holder employed by a plan sponsor may, of course, disclose plan information when directed to do so by the individual.
Four	This fundamental principle needs no further explanation.
Five	The duty of competence and diligence is a routine standard for trustees and professional advisors, and the Code makes it mandatory for Certificate Holders. This section also emphasizes the obligation of the Certificate Holder to know when a given action is outside the scope of competence. This might include, for example, calculation by an investment professional of a defined benefit or cash out payment under a complex formula set forth in a plan. Finally, the Certificate Holder is expected to take steps to keep his or her skills and/or competence up to date as necessary regardless of whether the number of required continuing education hours have been met.
Six	This principle promotes a standard of conduct that looks to something more than minimal requirements. Promotions of services or particular transactions through unrealistic fear or greed are both prohibited. The principle also requires professionals to work cooperatively with other entities or persons involved with a plan or its participants, so that particular transactions may proceed accurately, efficiently, and according to the parties' intentions.
Seven	This principle works in conjunction with Principles 1 and 4 and imposes an affirmative duty to disclose the relevant business relationships of the Certificate Holder. In many (if not most) cases, the relationship and source of compensation will be obvious: an employer for the manager of the benefits department or a stockbroker earning commissions on a particular recommended transaction, the disclosure of which is governed by the securities laws. Persons hired by a plan or employer to provide particular retirement advice, or to encourage a particular retirement transaction such as enrollment in a 401(k) plan, are required under this principle to disclose the identity of their employer, and whether their compensation comes from multiple sources, such as the employer and/or one of the investment providers under the plan. Persons providing retirement planning service outside the direct scope of the employment context (such as advising on a plan distribution or roll-over to another financial entity) are required under this principle to disclose any contingent compensation, such as commissions or fees from investment providers that will receive the distributed funds. The Board of Governors believes that the precise form of any such

One

An example of this obligation would be a benefits administrator providing an existing distribution options brochure, or current investment prospectus, to a participant, whether or not it had been asked for specifically.

requirements, the requirement that Certificate Holders be affirmatively honest and candid, and their obligation to put the best

disclosure is best left to future development within the professions, consistent with existing regulatory and fiduciary

interests of the plan participant first (Principle 2)

Exhibit C – Annual Continuing Education Reporting Form



Certified Retirement Counselor® (CRC®) Certification Annual Continuing Education Reporting

International Foundation for Retirement Education CRC® Board of Standards and Policy Development P.O. Box 524, Barrington, IL 60011-0524 Phone: 847-756-7350

Email: continuingeducation@infre.org

Please record the Continuing Education (CE) you have earned during the past 12 months on the following CE reporting form. Fifteen (15) hours of CE are due each reporting period including 2 hours of ethics every other reporting period. Refer to last year's renewal confirmation email or login to the online CE reporting form at www.infre.org for any carry over hours you may apply to this reporting period and your next ethics requirement due date. You may carry over a maximum of 15 hours to the next reporting period.

Documentation confirming attendance should NOT be sent to the CRC® Board of Standards and Policy Development unless specifically requested. The CRC® Board of Standards and Policy Development may request these documents at any time up to two years from the end of a reporting period.

Instructions:

- At the top of the form print your name, sign and date. Make extra copies of the form if more space will be needed.
- Column 1. Date coursework completed.
- **Column 2.** Exact name of program/course. If newsletter, include the issue date.
- Column 3. Program/course sponsor not the name of the speaker.
- **Column 4.** Indicate the course type for which CE was earned.
- Column 5. Indicate the number of CE hours earned for each respective course. For attendance during live/instructor-led programs (e.g., conferences and workshops), submissions must contain a minimum of 50 minutes of instruction/presentation time. A 50-minute session counts as one credit hour. Partial credit hours rounded to the nearest quarter hour will be granted (e.g., a 65-minute session will count as 1.0 hour; a 70-minute session will count as 1.25 hours). For self-study programs, CE credit will be based on the average completion time of the program. A minimum of 50 minutes of completion time is required for 1 hour of CE credit. Additional half-hour increments will be accepted after the first hour has been completed. The program must include an exam/quiz containing at least 5 questions per course hour and 3 questions for additional half hour increments, with a passing grade of 70% or better.

 Any course less than one credit hour will not be accepted. Refer to the CRC® Certificant Handbook for additional information.
- Total the number of hours earned at the bottom of Column 5.

Please print clearly when entering your CE on the form!

Certified Retirement Counselor® (CRC®)

These certification marks are owned by the International Foundation for Retirement Education and are awarded to individuals who successfully complete the CRC® Board of Standards and Policy Development's initial and ongoing certification requirements.

(CRC®) Continuing Education (CE) Reporting Form - If you need more than one form, make a copy before you begin entering CE.

Print Name:		
Signature	Date	Carry over CE hours from previous reporting period

-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-
Date	Course Name/Newsletter Issue	Course Sponsor	Course Type	CE
Completed	A minimum of 50 minutes of completion time is required for 1 hour of CE credit. Any course less than one credit hour will not be accepted.	e.g, InFRE, IRRC, WebCE, Kaplan, RegEd, Employer, Conf. Name, University	e.g., Live Classroom, Conference, Self -Study, Webinar, Academic Course, License/Designation, In- house Training, Firm Element, Newsletter, Other	Hours
			TOTAL CE	

Exhibit D – Certificant Complaint Reporting Form

How to File a Complaint

1. File by e-mail

You may file your complaint via e-mail to <u>certificantcomplaint@infre.org</u>. Please be sure to include the "required information" as explained below and attach it to your e-mail.

2. File online

You may file your complaint online by completing the form from InFRE's website at www.infre.org. You will find a link to the complaint form on the Certified Retirement Counselor® page.

3. File by mail or fax

A letter of complaint can be **mailed** to:

Attn.: Disciplinary Committee InFRE P.O. Box 524 Barrington IL 60011-0524

Or you can **fax** your complaint to InFRE, to the attention of the Disciplinary Committee, at 806-756-7350.

Information Required for Any Complaint

Complainant Information	1		
Date			
First Name			
Last Name			
Company (if applicable)			
Street Address			
City, State, Zip	Sta	ate	Zip
Phone Number		_	
E-mail Address		_	
Name of the <i>CRC</i> [®] Who I	s the Subject of the Complaint		
First Name		_	
Last Name		_	
Company (if applicable)			
Street Address			
City, State, Zip	Sta	ate	Zip
Phone Number		_	
E-mail Address		_	

Complaint Details
Date(s) the Issue Arose:
Description and Nature of Your Complaint. Please explain why you believe a violation of <i>CRC</i> 's Code of Ethics exists:
Violation of Office Code of Earnes exists.
Current Status of the Problem:
Summerting Decumentation (places mail agains not eviginals of key correspondence contracts
Supporting Documentation (please <i>mail</i> copies— not originals —of key correspondence, contracts, agreement letters, disclosure documents, etc. All written materials submitted regarding your complaint will become the property of InFRE for its records.)
Have you notified any regulatory authorities about your complaint? Yes No If yes, please
indicate which authorities you have contacted. The findings and actions of relevant regulatory authoritie
will be taken into consideration by InFRE's Disciplinary Committee.
Have you begun legal action against this person? Yes No
INFDE will conduct an initial raviow of your complaint and invectigate further, according to its Disciplinar

InFRE will conduct an initial review of your complaint and investigate further, according to its Disciplinary Procedures, if necessary. Your complaint will be handled in a confidential manner; the results may or may not be made public at the discretion of the InFRE Disciplinary Committee. The InFRE Disciplinary Committee may request additional information as needed as well as a personal interview with you.

If you have any questions or comments on this process, please e-mail Certificantcomplaint@infre.org.

NOTES